

# **DACUM Survey Report**

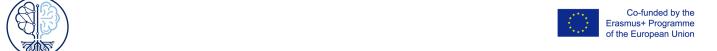
**Denmark** 

CCJ4C

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### **Table of Contents**

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Introductory note	3
Survey Dissemination	3
Participants	4
Outline of survey	4
Survey results	6
Appendix 1: DACUM Survey	
Appendix 2: Data araphs from survey	12



BrainLog had the responsibility of carrying out the DACUM workshop in collaboration with the Danish Prison Officers Union (Fængselsforbundet) in Denmark. However, due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the rising number of cases in Denmark, the possibility of conducting a physical workshop was not feasible. Furthermore, due to policy negotiations between the Danish Prison Officers Union and the Danish government which has been very time-consuming, and considering the workload and shift work of the prison system professionals, it has not been possible to find a suitable time to conduct an online workshop within the time-frame of this task.

For these reasons, BrainLog had to adopt an alternative strategy and instead create an online survey through a Google Form to conduct the results for the DACUM report. The survey was disseminated via email to the members of the Danish Prison Union.

### Survey Dissemination

The survey was created and distributed through google forms. It was disseminated via email to the Head of Communication from the Danish Prison Officers Union (Fængselsforbundet), who is our main contact person. From there, the link to the DACUM survey was distributed to the members of the Union, which are the prison system professionals from various prisons in Denmark.

The survey has been open for three weeks and received a total of six respondents. The survey was shared amongst 50 colleagues from the Danish Prison Officers Union. A reminder was also sent to try and achieve a higher number of respondents. However, we must assume that due to busy schedules and the high pressure on staffing in the prisons, there has not been time to fill out the survey.





To ensure a broad and diverse view on the questions on career development, needs and challenges in the daily work in the prisons, the survey was sent to collaborators with different positions within the prison system. These include prison officers, transportation officers, foremen, and managers.

The division of the respondents is as follows; three of the respondents were prison guards, and the remaining three respondents were one transportation officer, one foreman and one manager.

The respondents are equally split between male and female, and the total average age is 42,83 years. Four of the respondents have completed a vocational education, and one have completed a short-term higher education of two years, and one respondent completed a master's degree or equivalent.

## Outline of survey

The first section of the survey presented the Informed Consent including:

- A summary of the CCJ4C project and the applicability of the survey.
- A statement that participation in the survey is voluntary and confidential.
- The email addresses of the BrainLog researchers in case of any doubts or questions.

The second section of the survey is a collection of the **sociodemographic data** of the respondents. It consisted of one open question on age and three multiple-choice questions concerning gender, the position held, and their academic background.

The third section included six open-ended questions on the prison system professionals' **current tasks and duties**. The questions were the following:

Describe the duties you perform on a typical working day.





- Which are the tasks you perform most frequently?
- Is there any sequence in the performance of your duties? Please indicate which one.
- If you had to rank the tasks you do in order of importance, what would be the order?
- What are the risks of performing your duties incorrectly?
- Do the tasks vary according to the level of experience?

The fourth section focuses on the necessary **competencies** and consists of four open-ended questions:

- Which competencies do you consider necessary to perform the previously described tasks correctly? (e.g. leadership, proactivity, self-confidence...).
- What do you consider necessary to develop these competencies and improve performance?
- What training areas do you consider essential to carry out the tasks successfully?
- What other knowledge do you apply in the performance of your duties? (e.g. selfcontrol; stress management; crisis intervention...).

The fifth and last section of the survey aims to understand the prospects of the professionals regarding the **future performance/challenges** of the work in the prison system. These were five open-ended questions:

- What do you consider the main challenges/risks that the prison system faces?
- How do you think that new challenges may impact your professional life?
- What changes do you believe there might be (e.g. in the way you work) to meet these challenges?
- How do you imagine your role in the future (e.g. tasks and duties)?
- What are the tasks you believe there will be no changes?

The survey ends with an appreciation of the participation of the respondents on the survey and the importance of the conducted data in the development of the training modules, and a final





reminder that we are available for any questions and/or concerns. The full original version of the survey can be found in the appendix of this report.

## Survey results

On the topic **Current Tasks and Duties**, it becomes obvious that safety is recognized by the respondents as an important factor in all daily tasks and duties. The responses indicates that all tasks are important, however it varies whether there is a structure that needs to be followed.

Job position	Tasks	Risks of Poor	The Importance of
		Performance	the tasks and duties
			performed
Prison Guards	Case management,	The safety of oneself	Making sure that
	admitting and	and colleagues,	inmates are taken
	discharge, escorting	incorrect dose or	care of, as well as
	inmates, moving	handling of medicine,	supporting police and
	inmates, securing	frustrated and	correctional system.
	safety and orderly,	worried inmates,	Tasks does not
	visitation,	unrest	differentiate
	supervision,		depending on
	managing and		experience, but only
	ensuring the daily		in terms of difference
	routines of the		in competences
	inmates, ensuring the		
	rights of the inmates		
Transportation	Transporting inmates	Assesses the level of	All tasks are equally
Officers	and guarding them	risks as high, if tasks	important and there
	while in the transport	and duties are	is a difference in
		performed wrong	tasks performed
			depending on level of





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			experience, but it does not have a negative effect
Foremen	Managing the recreational space for the inmates – the garden	Physical risks if equipment is not handled correctly or no supervision	Tasks does depend on the level of experience, and the importance does not depend on tasks related to the recreational space
Managers	Operational management, handling emergency situations, answering phone calls and allocating staff	Mentions that a lot of things can go wrong, if tasks are not performed correctly	Successfully allocating the staff is the most important daily task

The professionals who answered that there is a specific sequence in which tasks are performed are the prison guards, who is following the daily schedule of the inmates. However, most respondents emphasize that this structure is not fixed and that it varies a lot depending on tasks and day.

When asked to classify their tasks in the order of importance, two respondents answer that all tasks are equally important. Another two respondents highlights that the most important is the tasks of the prison guard, whose main responsibility is to take care and handle the inmates.

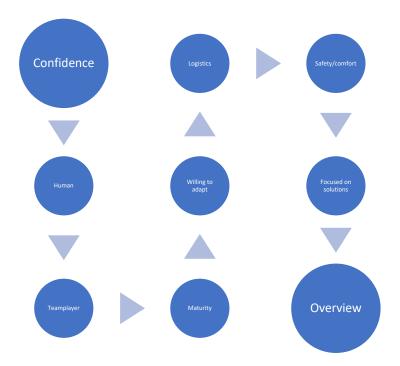
There is disagreement in the results on the question of whether tasks depend on the level of experience, as three respond that the level of experience of the employees does not affect the





tasks, and two respond that it does. One highlights that it is not a negative thing to divide tasks depending on experience, and one respondent did not understand the question.

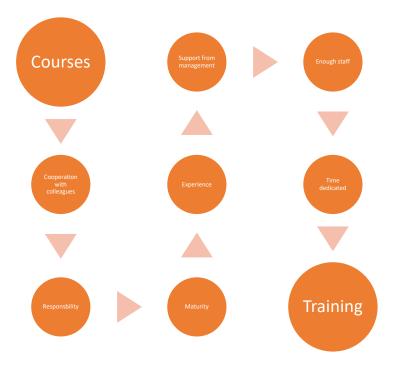
On the questions regarding **competences**, the results show that this does vary for the four different positions, which means that only two competences are mentioned more than once: having an overview and confidence. The other competences that the respondents highlighted as crucial in performing their daily tasks are as follows;



In line with this, the respondents were also asked to identify the necessary competences and requirements needed to enhance their performance when performing their tasks and duties:







It is worth highlighting that most respondents indicated the need and time for training abd attending courses.

The findings of this survey of the **future challenges and changes to tasks/performance** are in the following table:

Job position	Main challenges that the prison	The impact these challenges	Solutions to challenges	Changes to the professional's
	system is facing	have on the		role in the
		professionals		future
Prison Guards	A very old	Makes some	Important to	Less time to
	system and lack	tasks feel	exchange	reintegrate
	of	meaningless or	knowledge and	inmates, only
	understanding	pointless. Stress	introduce job	time for fulfilling
	between	levels are high	tasks across the	the basic needs
	administrative	and many has to	organization.	of the inmates,
	staff and guards,	be on sick leave,	Necessary to	





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	need of staff,	the everyday life	hire and secure	
	too big	of a prison guard	more staff	
	administration	is more		
		challenging		
Transportation	Retaining	High turnover –	More staff and	No changes
Officers	current staff and	meaning that	better pay to	
	the level of pay	important and	retain current	
		good knowledge	staff	
		disappears		
Гокомов	Lack of staff	Stress	Higher pay	More
Foremen	Lack of Staff	50 633	inglier pay	WIGIC
roremen	Edek of Staff	311 (233	riigiici puy	responsbility
Managers	Lack of staff	Lack of	Retention,	
				responsbility
		Lack of	Retention,	responsbility It will more of
		Lack of motivation to	Retention, further	responsbility It will more of less be the same
		Lack of motivation to work harder,	Retention, further education,	responsbility It will more of less be the same tasks and no
		Lack of motivation to work harder, when you are	Retention, further education, higher pay,	responsbility It will more of less be the same tasks and no
		Lack of motivation to work harder, when you are constantly	Retention, further education, higher pay,	responsbility It will more of less be the same tasks and no
		Lack of motivation to work harder, when you are constantly understaffed	Retention, further education, higher pay,	responsbility It will more of less be the same tasks and no





Appendix 1: DACUM Survey



# CCJ4C - European Career Counseling Guidelines for Staff Working in Criminal Correctional Justice Systems

Denne undersøgelse er udviklet inden for CCJ4C-projektet - Europæisk Karrierevejledningsretningslinjer for ansatte i strafferetssystemet (European Career Counseling Guidelines for Staff Working in Criminal Correctional Justice System), Projektet er finansieret af Den Europæiske Union i Erasmus +-programmet, og finder sted i 9 lande. Projektet har til formål at styrke karrierevejledning i strafferetssystemet ved at udvikle et værktøj til både betjente og ledelse.

Denne undersøgelse har til formål at forstå de typer opgaver, der udføres af fængselspersonalet og de færdigheder, der giver dem mulighed for at udføre opgaverne.

De ansvarlige for denne undersøgelse er Martin Savchev (martin.s@brainlog-ngo.com) og Simone Immerkær (simone@brainlog-ngo.com), som står til rådighed for afklaring. Ved at udfylde spørgeskemaet vil du bidrage til at forbedre udarbejdelsen af uddannelsesforløb.

Din deltagelse i denne undersøgelse er frivillig. Resultaterne er kun til statistiske formål. Data vil blive behandles fortroligt og anonymt.



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Kladden blev gendannet

\*Skal udfyldes



Jeg giver tilladelse til at mine besvarelser må bruges til statistiske formål i forbindelse med CCJ4C projektet og udarbejdelsen af uddannelsesforløbet til ansatte i strafferetssystemet.





Spørgeskemaundersøgelse
Alder (I år)
Dit svar
Køn
○ Kvinde
Mand
Andet:
Stillingsbetegnelse
○ Fængselsbetjent
Transportbetjent
○ Værkmester
○ Leder
O Andet:





Uddannelse
Grundskoleuddannelse (typisk varighed: 10 år)
Ungdomsuddannelse (typisk varighed: 3 år)
○ Erhvervsuddannelse
Kort videregående uddannelse (minimumsvarighed på 2 år)
Bacheloruddannelse eller tilsvarende (3-4 års fuldtidsstudie)
Kandidatuddannelse eller tilsvarende
O Andet:
Beskriv de opgaver, du udfører på en typisk arbejdsdag.
Dit svar
Hvilke opgaver udfører du oftest?
Dit svar
Er der nogen rækkefølge for, hvornår opgaverne udføres? Angiv venligst hvilken.
Dit svar
Dit svar  Er der nogen rækkefølge for, hvornår opgaverne udføres? Angiv venligst hvilken.





Hvis du skulle sætte din opgaver i rækkefølge efter vigtighed, hvad ville rækkefølgen være? (fra den mindst vigtige til den vigtigste)
Dit svar
Hvilke risici er der ved at udføre dine opgaver forkert?
Dit svar
Varierer de udførte opgaver afhængigt af erfaringsniveauet?
Dit svar
Hvilke færdigheder anser du for at være nødvendige for at udføre de henviste opgaver korrekt? (f.eks. lederskab, selvtillid)
Dit svar
Hvad mener du er nødvendigt for at udvikle disse færdigheder og forbedre præstationen?
Dit svar





Hvilken uddannelsesbaggrund anser du for at være væsentlig for at udføre disse opgaver?
Dit svar
Hvilken anden viden anvender du, når du udfører dine opgaver? (f.eks. selvkontrol; stresshåndtering; krisehåndtering)  Dit svar
Hvad anser du for at være de største udfordringer, som Kriminalforsorgen står over for?
Dit svar
Hvordan mener du, at disse udfordringer kan påvirke dit professionelle liv?
Dit svar
Hvilke ændringer tror du, der skal til (f.eks. hvordan du arbejder) for at løse disse udfordringer?
Dit svar





Hvordan forestiller du dig din arbejdsrolle i fremtiden (f.eks. opgaver og pl	igter)?
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Dit svar

Hvilke opgaver tror du vil forblive de samme (altså ingen ændringer)?

Dit svar



# CCJ4C - European Career Counseling Guidelines for Staff Working in Criminal Correctional Justice Systems



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### Tak for din deltagelse!

Vi værdsætter dit bidrag, så vi kan udvikle praktiske uddannelsesmoduler. Vi er til rådighed for eventuelle spørgsmål gennem følgende kontaktpersoner: Martin Savchev (martin.s@brainlog-ngo.com) og Simone Immerkær (simone@brainlog-ngo.com).

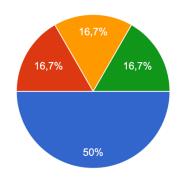




# Appendix 2: Data graphs from survey

### Stillingsbetegnelse

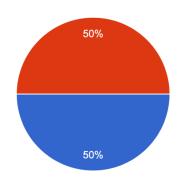
6 svar





### Køn

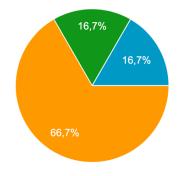
6 svar





#### Uddannelse

6 svar



- Grundskoleuddannelse (typisk varighed: 10 år)
- Ungdomsuddannelse (typisk varighed: 3 år)
- Erhvervsuddannelse
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